

## **CODESEC DK230**

# **Conventional Photoelectric Smoke Detector**

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Operating Voltage Range: 5 to 28 VDC

Standby Current: <120µA @ 24 VDC (every 10 seconds with LED blink enabled)

Maximum Alarm Current: <30 mA @ 24 VDC (Led on)

Operating Humidity Range: 10% to 93% Relative Humidity, Non-condensing

Sensitivity: 0,165 dB/m
Operating Temperature Range: -10°C to50°C

Height: 44 mm (installed with base)

Diameter: 100 mm Weight: 110 grams



The detector is plug-in type photoelectic smoke sensor for use in conventional fire alarm systems. The principal function of the optical smoke detector is based upon smoke particles entering the smoke chamber causing distraction of infrared rays within the chamber. This activates the photoreceiver and DK230 enters a fire condition. The activation threshold of the optical smoke sensor part is factory set at a specific smoke concentration level.

DK230 Conventional Photoelectric Smoke Detector flashes every 10 seconds Green Led in order to indicate device is working. When any smoke perceived the before giving alarm it verifies 3 times. By this feature the detector eliminates false alarms where the smoke density is on the limits.

Upon activation The DK230 illuminates two red indicator through light guides, situated on the detector head. The two indicators provide 360° visibility. The Leds can be reset and extinguished by momentarily removing the power source.

#### **INSTALLATION**



The fire detector consists of two main parts: a base and a detector head. The latter consists of a circuit board and an optimized smoke detection chamber. The detector head is fixed on the base by the means of bayonet joints. When the detector head is placed on the base, make sure that the bench mark stands about 20mm before the respective bench mark on the base; then rotate clockwise to fix. The bench marks should fully coincide. The contacting plates are fixed to the base. The connection between the incoming wires and the contact plates is made by the provided screw terminals.

### **WIRING**

The wiring should be done as shown in figure 1. Proper wire gauges should be used. The installation wires should be color-coded to limit wiring mistakes and ease system troubleshooting. Improper connections will prevent a system from responding properly in the event of a fire. Remove power from the communication line before installing sensors.

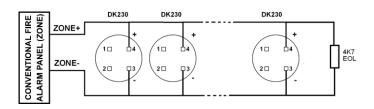


Figure 1- Wiring Connection



- 1. Wire the sensor base per the wiring diagram
- 2. Install the sensor into the sensor base. Push the sensor into the base while turning it clockwise to secure it in place.
- 3. After all sensors have been installed, apply power to the control unit and activate the communication line.
- 4. Test the sensor(s) as described in the TESTING section of this manual.
- 5. The Indicator connection has shown in figure 2.

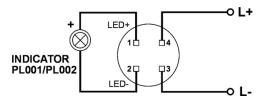


Figure-2 Led Indicator Connection

## **TESTING AND CLEANING**

Before testing, notify the proper authorities that the system is undergoing maintenance, and will temporarily be out of service. Disable the system to prevent unwanted alarms. All sensors must be tested after installation and periodically thereafter. The sensor can be tested in the following ways:

Smoke Entry test: Aerosol Generator OR Canned Aerosol Test.

An aerosol generator can be used for smoke entry testing. Set the generator to represent 4%/ft to 5%/ft obscuration as described aerosol generator manual. Using the bowl shaped applicator, apply aerosol until the panel alarms. Additionally, canned aerosol simulated smoke (canned smoke agent) may be used for smoke entry testing of the smoke detector. When used properly, the canned smoke agent will cause the smoke detector to go into alarm. Refer to the manufacturer's published instructions for proper use of the canned smoke agent.

A sensor that fails any of these tests should be cleaned as described under CLEANING, and retested. If the sensor fails after cleaning, it must be replaced.

When testing is complete, restore the system to normal operation and notify the proper authorities that the system is back in operation.

Before removing the detector, notify the proper authorities that the smoke detector system is undergoing maintenance and will be temporarily out of service. Disable the zone or system undergoing maintenance to prevent unwanted alarms.

- 1. Remove the sensor to be cleaned from the system.
- 2. Remove the sensor cover by pressing firmly on each of the four removal tabs that hold the cover in place.
- 3. Vacuum the screen carefully without removing it. If further cleaning is required continue with Step 4, otherwise skip to Step 7.
- 4. Remove the chamber cover/screen assembly by pulling it straight out.
- 5. Use a vacuum cleaner or compressed air to remove dust and debris from the sensing chamber.
- 6. Reinstall the chamber cover/screen assembly by sliding the edge over the sensing chamber. Replace the cover using the LEDs to align the cover and then gently pushing it until it locks into place.
- 7. Reinstall the detector.
- 8. Test the detector as described in Testing.
- 9. Reconnect disabled circuits.
- 10. Notify the proper authorities that the system is back on line.

#### TWO-YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

We warrant its enclosed smoke detector to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of three years from date of manufacture. We make no other express warranty for this smoke detector. No agent, representative, dealer, or employee of the Company has the authority to increase or alter the obligations or limitations of this Warranty. The Company's obligation of this Warranty shall be limited to the repair or replacement of any part of the smoke detector which is found to be defective in materials or workmanship under normal use and service during the two year period commencing with the date of manufacture. After calling Code Security's technical support number for a Return Authorization number, send defective units postage prepaid to Code Security local representative office. Please include a note describing the malfunction and suspected cause of failure. The Company shall not be obligated to repair or replace units which are found to be defective because of damage, unreasonable use, modifications, or alterations occurring after the date of manufacture. In no case shall the Company be liable for any consequential or incidental damages for breach of this or any other Warranty, expressed or implied whatsoever, even if the loss or damage is caused by the Company's negligence or fault. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.